BSC SANDBOX RISK ASSESSMENT FOR EMERGENT ENERGY

An assessment of the risks to settlement of the BSC derogation requested by **Emergent Energy**

Confidential

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Emergent Energy Proposal

Emergent Energy propose to employ proprietary technology to perform an 'on-site aggregation' calculation on Private Wire Networks. Currently, the aggregate boundary meter reading for each Private Wire Network is submitted into settlement and allocated to the energy account of the registering Supplier. Some customers on the networks have exercised their right to be supplied by a Third Party Supplier. The readings for these meters are submitted to settlement by the Third Party Supplier's Agents, but also contribute to the aggregate boundary meter readings.

The effect of the current scenario is that consumption volumes are being double counted, because difference metering is not being applied to the Boundary Point Metering System. This means that the Supplier for the site's boundary meter is being charged imbalance for energy they did not Supply. Additionally, the submitted data will be distorting GSP Group Take volumes, resulting in incorrect profiles being applied to the areas affected. The effect of each individual Private Wire will be small, but in aggregate the effect could become material.

The existing BSC solution for this scenario is to establish a difference metering meter splitting arrangement via BSCP550, or to utilise a 'full settlement' metering solution. However, the BSCP550 difference metering solution is time consuming and expensive to set up. This is particularly the case where there are multiple Third Party Suppliers. It is also not of any direct benefit to the Third Party Suppliers, and therefore they are not incentivised to participate in the process. Additionally, customers would have to be settled Half-Hourly, reducing the choice of Suppliers and increasing costs prior to the implementation of Market-Wide Half Hourly Settlement. The 'full settlement' solution means that customers connected to the Private Wire Network cannot benefit from netting against on-site generation, and would have to pay system charges for that generation even though they are not using the Total System. Additionally, not all customers are currently using fully CoP10 compliant metering and would need to upgrade their metering equipment.

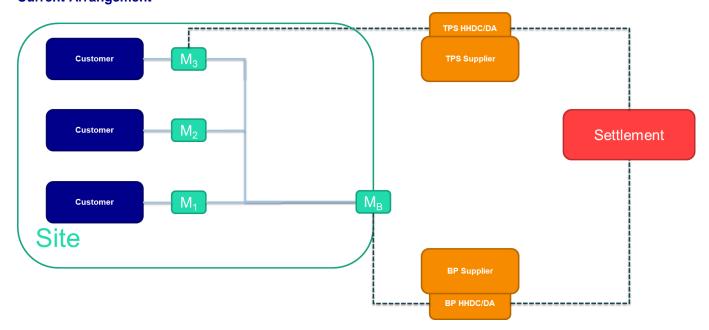
Each customer Supplied by the Private Wire Network's boundary point Supplier has their own metering, with half-hourly consumption data available and currently used for retail billing. Emergent Energy propose to use this data to aggregate and submit into settlement, in lieu of the reading from the site's boundary meter. This volume will therefore not include the volumes supplied by Third Party Suppliers, correcting the data submitted into settlement. Emergent Energy are effectively acting as a Data Retriever for the site, with DC functions provided by a qualified DC.

An enduring solution is likely to entail introducing a new type of differencing arrangement for Private Wire Networks. This solution would permit the aggregation of consumer meters in place of the boundary meter readings or a 'full settlement' solution. The solution could be limited, based on the customer classes involved, the size of the site, and other such requirements. It may also introduce a new, formalised role for retrieval and processing of data for complex sites, which could have utility in applications beyond the one being trialled.

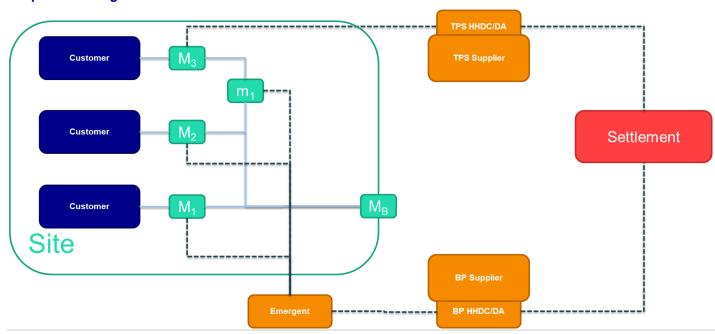
The next page contains a diagram illustrating the proposed arrangements. Customers are metered via meters M_1 , M_2 and M_3 and the boundary is metered via M_B . The customer behind meter M_3 is supplied by a Third Party Supplier (TPS) while customers behind meters M_1 and M_2 are supplied by the Boundary Point Supplier (BP). Currently, the BP Supplier is submitting the reading from M_B into settlement, while the TPS is submitting the reading from M_3 into settlement, resulting in a total recorded settlement volume of $M_1+M_2+2xM_3$. Emergent Energy's proposal is to collect data from meters M_1 and M_2 and submit them in aggregated form into settlement in lieu of the MB meter reading. For the purposes of the trial they will be conduct an initial proving test by obtaining data from M_3 directly from the meter or from an in-line measuring device (m_1). This will check that $M_1+M_2+m_1=M_B$, which enables adjustments for losses and any unmetered landlord supplies on the site.

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BSC Sandbox risk assessment for Emergent Energy Current Arrangement



Proposed Arrangement



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Potential risks

Elexon have identified and considered the following potential risks when assessing this application.

1. On-site losses/unmetered consumption

- 1.1 The proposal involves submitting individual customer meter readings, in aggregate, in lieu of the site's boundary meter reading. While each individual customer's data will end up in settlement, any unmetered consumption at the site will not.
- 1.2 To mitigate this risk, Elexon proposes that a condition of the derogation is that the consumption of each customer is measured at the beginning of trial, and the volumes compared with the volumes recorded at the boundary. Any material deviation should result in an alteration to the methodology used to calculate submitted volumes, and contribute to any eventual Modification. This activity could be performed at the beginning of the trial, and repeated annually, depending on the impacts on trial viability.

2. Non-CoP metering

- 2.1 Emergent Energy has indicated that for the trial, the meters used to determine the volume submitted for settlement are not CoP10 compliant, but differ in respect of the amount of real-time clock backup power. The meters have only 14 days of real-time clock backup power whereas BSCP10 requires 20 days.
- 2.2 The non-compliance should not result in any difference in volumes submitted to settlement than if a CoP10 compliant meter had been used. Elexon proposes that a metering dispensation be considered as part of the initial derogation, and that subsequent metering dispensations can be considered if a Modification introduces an enduring solution and CoP10 meters are not installed.
- 2.3 Elexon notes that the premises involved are primarily residential, and therefore the expectation is that Smart metering will be installed in the future.

3. Under/over counting

- 3.1 The biggest risk to settlement is that the volume provided in lieu of the boundary meter reading over or under estimates the volume supplied by the boundary point Supplier, for example by including too many or too few meters in the aggregation (i.e. 'unregistered' meters).
- 3.2 This risk is related to the risk of differencing based on non-settlement metering, however a key difference is that the risk in this instance is borne by all Parties, whereas in a standard differencing arrangement the risk is borne by one of the Suppliers entering into the arrangement.
- 3.3 In the event that the aggregation of meters Supplied by the boundary Supplier is too high, there will be double counting between that Supplier and Third Party Suppliers. This is currently happening in settlement on the full volumes, and therefore there would still be neutral against the baseline.
- 3.4 The scheme will also need to have a process to account for customers switching from the site Supplier to a Third Party Supplier, and from a Third Party Supplier to the site Supplier.
- 3.5 The greatest risk in this category is undercounting. In this case the settlement data for Third Party Suppliers may be correct, but the submitted volume for the boundary Supplier would be artificially low. This would result in missing volumes in settlement.
- 3.6 For the purposes of the trial, Emergent will be monitoring aggregate data from all premises against the boundary meter reading to ensure correct settlement data is submitted. Elexon proposes that the derogation also require that an inventory of meters for the site is maintained, covering all meters on the site not supplied by Third Party Suppliers, and this is subject to an annual audit.
- 3.7 Where export volumes for on-site generation exceeds the consumption of all on-site customers, the excess volumes will need to be treated as export, and submitted to Settlement against the Export MSID of the Boundary Point Metering System.
- 3.8 Elexon proposes that in the event of discrepancy between total recorded volume and the aggregate of customer recorded volumes, the additional volume is assumed to have been supplied by the boundary meter

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Supplier. Elexon further proposes that in the event of any systems failure in gathering data the settlement data for the boundary meter Supplier defaults to the entire boundary meter reading.

3.9 Elexon proposes that in an enduring arrangement, the Performance Assurance Framework includes provisions for our audit provider to compare submitted figures with actual and boundary figures for affected sites. Elexon also proposes that there should be enduring rules for estimation of missing data, which are likely to be materially similar for existing rules for estimating data. There will also need to be rules for maintaining an inventory of meters, with requirements that the inventory matches the meters on the site not Supplied by Third Party Suppliers.

Scale of risks

The trial will be operating on a limited number of sites with a limited number of total customers (final figures to be determined). A trial that scales to eventually involve 10000 domestic customers represents an average consumption volume of 1660-2400kWh¹ per settlement period, or around 0.008-0.012% of total average consumption².

This scale means that errors could quickly accumulate beyond the £3000 trading disputes threshold. The monitoring requirements Elexon proposes will mean that any errors can be quickly identified and rectified, or be made subject to a disputes process if necessary.

Risk in respect of enduring implementation

As the trial will be operating using non-CoP compliant meters, it is not fully representative of the enduring solution. However, the purpose of the trial is not to evaluate the physical metering arrangements, but rather the new on-site aggregation concept. As the meters involved will provide metered data that is equivalent to CoP compliant metered data in normal operation, Elexon proposes that this trial will be representative of an enduring solution.

Disruption to normal BSC Operation

The operation of this derogation occurs entirely within the remit of the boundary point Supplier and the Agents appointed to act on their behalf. Therefore, Elexon does not anticipate any disruption to normal BSC operation caused by the operation of the requested derogation.

Assessment against Risk Evaluation Register

The Risk Evaluation Register³ (RER) provides an overview of the Settlement Risks monitored by Elexon Performance Assurance function. It is important that any BSC Sandbox application is assessed against each of the risks present in the RER. The assessment uses a Red, Amber, Green (RAG) assessment, where Red indicates that a risk is negatively impacted by the trial and requires mitigation, Amber indicates that a risk is not affected or is neutrally affected by the trial, and Green indicates that a risk is reduced by the trial.

Id Number	Risk Title - The risk that	RAG	Commentary
<u>001</u>	SVA Metering Point is registered incorrectly or	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	not at all, such that metered data is not collected		changes to the registration of meter points
	or aggregated		

¹ Typical domestic consumption values for medium consumption Profile Class 1 customers up to typical domestic consumption values for medium consumption Profile Class 2 customers; https://www.ofgem.gov.uk/gas/retail-market/monitoring-data-and-statistics/typical-domestic-consumption-values

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/904805/DUKES_2020_Chapter_5.pdf

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² DUKES Statistics, total electricity demand for 2019,

³ https://www.elexon.co.uk/reference/performance-assurance/performance-assurance-processes/performance-assurance-risk-evaluation-register/

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			nor is it more likely to cause any problems
			with that process.
002	SVA Metering System attributes held in the	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	Supplier Meter Registration Service (SMRS) or by		changes to data held in or submitted to
	any party in the Supplier Hub are incorrect		SMRS nor is it more likely to cause any
			problems with that process.
003	SVA Metering Equipment is installed,	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	programmed or maintained incorrectly including		changes to the way that SVA Metering
	where Commissioning is performed incorrectly or		Equipment is installed, programmed or
	not at all		maintained.
004	Changes to SVA Metering Equipment are not	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	notified, such that all members of the Supplier		changes to the way that changes to SVA
	Hub do not use the current Meter Technical		Metering Equipment are notified, nor alter
	Details		Meter Technical Details.
005	A fault with SVA Metering Equipment is not	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
<u>555</u>	resolved, such that metered data is recorded	, ,	changes to the way that faults are resolved,
	incorrectly or cannot be retrieved		nor is it more likely to cause problems with
	meorrectly or cumot be retrieved		that process.
006	On a change of agent, Meter Technical Details are	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
000	not transferred or processed correctly or at all,	^	changes to the Change of Agent processes,
	such that parties do not use the latest Meter		nor is it more likely to cause problems with
	Technical Details		that process.
007	SVA Metered data is not retrieved, such that the	R	The trial will result in different collection
007	proportion of estimated data being used in	N	procedures for SVA Metered data, which
	Settlement contributes to performance standards		may make errors more likely. This is being
	·		
	not being met		mitigated by using checks based on existing
000	CVA material data is not processed as transferred	۸	SVA Metered data processes.
<u>800</u>	SVA metered data is not processed or transferred	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	correctly, or at all		change to SVA Metered data processing, nor
			is it more likely to cause problems with that
000	The Data Aggregator does not process motored	۸	process.
<u>009</u>	The Data Aggregator does not process metered	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	data correctly or at all, including transfer to SVAA,		change to the way that Data Aggregators
	such that the energy volumes required for		process metered data
	Settlement are incorrect or missing		
<u>010</u>	On change of Data Collector, meter read history is	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	incorrect or not transferred such that sufficient		change to the Change of Agent process, nor
	history is not available for validating and		is it more likely to cause problems with that
	estimating energy volumes		process.
<u>011</u>	Unmetered Supplies volumes are calculated	Α	UMS – Not applicable
	incorrectly or not at all		
<u>012</u>	SVA Metering System technical details are	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	created incorrectly		changes to the way that SVA Metering
			System technical details are created, nor is
			it more likely to cause problems with that
			process.
013	Manual adjustments to Metered Data are not	R	The trial proposes to create a new process
	completed correctly, or at all		for manually adjusting metered data, which
			introduces a new risk. This is mitigated by
			ongoing monitoring during the trial and a
		G	inventory audit. The manually updated data
			will result in correct volumes being
			submitted to settlement, addressing an
			existing settlement issue.
			CAISTING SCHOOLING IN 1330C.

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014	Adbox risk assessment for Emergent Energy Agents are not appointed or de-appointed	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
<u>014</u>	correctly, such that SMRS is not complete or up to	^	changes to the Change of Agent process,
	date, members of the Supplier Hub do not hold		nor is it more likely to cause problems with
	the correct MPID of other Hub members or the		that process.
	appropriate agents are not appointed		that process.
015	SVA reference data is not created or transferred	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
<u>010</u>	correctly, or at all	, ,	changes to the SVA reference data
			processes, nor is it more likely to cause
			problems with that process.
016	The energisation status held in SMRS or by any	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
	party in the Supplier Hub does not match the		changes to the energisation process, nor is it
	physical energisation status of the SVA Metering		more likely to cause problems with that
	System		process.
017	Exception reports are not sufficiently managed,	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
<u>017</u>	such that material exceptions are not addressed	, ,	changes to the exception reporting process,
	at all or in a timely manner		nor is it more likely to cause problems with
	de all of ill a timely mariner		that process.
018	Revenue protection processes are not managed	Α	The trial does not propose to make any
<u>010</u>	sufficiently, such that unrecorded energy volumes	, ,	changes to revenue protection processes,
	are excluded from Settlement		nor is it more likely to cause problems with
	are excluded from sectionicine		those processes.
019	A Volume Allocation Unit is registered incorrectly	Α	CVA – Not applicable
<u>525</u>	or not at all, such that the CDCA does not collect	, ,	- CV/V Procuppinousic
	any or the relevant data		
020	CVA Metering Equipment is installed,	Α	CVA – Not applicable
<u></u>	programmed or maintained incorrectly including		
	where Commissioning is performed incorrectly or		
	not at all		
021	CVA Metered Data is not retrieved, or processed	Α	CVA – Not applicable
	correctly, or at all, by the CDCA		
022	Changes to CVA Metering Equipment are not	Α	CVA – Not applicable
	notified to CDCA		
023	A fault with CVA Metering Equipment is not	Α	CVA – Not applicable
	resolved, such that Metered Data is recorded		
	incorrectly or cannot be retrieved		
024	CVA reference data is not created or transferred	Α	CVA – Not applicable
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	correctly, or at all		
025	Balancing Services provided by Virtual Lead	Α	VLP – Not applicable
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Parties allow error to enter Settlement, such that		
	the energy volumes required for Settlement are		
	incorrect or missing		
026	Aggregation Rules in CDCA are incorrect such that	Α	CVA – Not applicable
	CVA Metered Data is not correctly aggregated		
	and the energy volumes required for Settlement		
	are incorrect or missing		
027	Trading Parties do not or are unable to pay	Α	CVA – Not applicable
 _	Trading Charges fully or at all, such that it triggers		
	an Event of Default		
028	NETSO does not submit or submits incorrect	Α	NETSO – Not applicable
	Settlement data		
029	The SAA's calculations and processing are	Α	BSC Agent – Not applicable
	incorrect or use incorrect data		3
A030	The ECVAA does not carry out processes	Α	BSC Agent – Not applicable
	correctly, such that output files are inaccurate	-	0

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<u>031</u>	The FAA does not accurately process Trading	Α	BSC Agent – Not applicable
	Charges or calculate ad-hoc charges correctly,		
	such that Advice Notes are incorrect		
032	Manual adjustments to CVA Metered Data are	Α	CVA – Not applicable
	not completed correctly, or at all		
033	An Interconnector Administrator does not submit,	Α	IA – Not applicable
	or submits inaccurate BM Unit Metered Volume		
	data		
<u>034</u>	The SVAA does not process or transfer the correct	Α	BSC Agent – Not applicable
	data or does not use approved default data.		

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